

February 26, 2002

Mr. Noble D. Walker, Jr. Scott, Walker & Morgan, LLP P.O. Box 1353 Greenville, Texas 75403-1353

OR2002-0912

Dear Mr. Walker:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 159074.

The Greenville Police Department, which you represent, (the "department") received a request for all information on a specified criminal case. You claim that some of the requested information is excepted from disclosure under sections 552.108 and 552.130 of the Government Code. We have considered the exceptions you claim and reviewed the submitted information.

Section 552.108(a) excepts from disclosure "[i]nformation held by a law enforcement agency or prosecutor that deals with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime . . . if: (1) release of the information would interfere with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime." Generally, a governmental body claiming section 552.108 must reasonably explain, if the information does not supply the explanation on its face, how and why the release of the requested information would interfere with law enforcement. See Gov't Code §§ 552.108(a)(1), (b)(1), .301(e)(1)(a); see also Exparte Pruitt, 551 S.W.2d 706 (Tex. 1977). We understand you to represent that the requested information pertains to a criminal case that is currently pending. You state that release of witness information could dissuade witnesses from further participating in the prosecution of the case and hinder law enforcement efforts. Based upon these representations, we conclude that release of the information you have highlighted and underlined in blue would interfere with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime. See Houston Chronicle Publ'g Co. v. City of Houston, 531 S.W.2d 177 (Tex. Civ. App.—Houston [14th Dist.] 1975), writ ref'd n.r.e. per curiam, 536

S.W.2d 559 (Tex. 1976) (court delineates law enforcement interests that are present in active cases). You may withhold this information under section 552.108(a)(1).

While section 552.108 is inapplicable to basic information about an arrested person, an arrest, or a crime under section 552.108(c), we find based on your representations that you are releasing basic information relating to the case.

In addition, we have marked a social security number within the submitted information that may be excepted from disclosure under section 552.101. Section 552.101 excepts from disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." A social security number may be excepted from required public disclosure under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with the 1990 amendments to the federal Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. § 405(c)(2)(C)(viii)(I), if it was obtained or is maintained by a governmental body pursuant to any provision of law enacted on or after October 1, 1990. See Open Records Decision No. 622 (1994). Therefore, prior to releasing the marked social security number, you should ensure that it was not obtained or is not maintained by the department pursuant to any provision of law enacted on or after October 1, 1990.

We also note that section 552.130 excepts from public disclosure information relating to a driver's license or motor vehicle title or registration issued by an agency of this state. Thus, we agree that you must withhold the driver's license number you have underlined in red under section 552.130.

In addition, the submitted documents contain information that is protected by section 552.136. The Seventy-seventh Legislature recently added section 552.136 to the Public Information Act, which makes bank account numbers confidential. It provides, in relevant part, as follows:

Sec. 552.136. CONFIDENTIALITY OF CREDIT CARD, DEBIT CARD, CHARGE CARD, AND ACCESS DEVICE NUMBERS.

- (a) In this section, "access device" means a card, plate, code, account number, personal identification number, electronic serial number, mobile identification number, or other telecommunications service, equipment, or instrument identifier or means of account access that alone or in conjunction with another access device may be used to:
 - (1) obtain money, goods, services, or another thing of value; or
 - (2) initiate a transfer of funds other than a transfer originated solely by paper instrument.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a credit card, debit card, charge card, or access device number that is collected, assembled, or maintained by or for a governmental body is confidential.

Gov't Code § 552.136. Pursuant to section 552.136, we have marked the bank account number you must withhold. We note that under section 552.023, the requestor has a special right of access, beyond that of the general public, to information held by the department that pertains to the requestor and that is protected from disclosure to the public by laws intended to protect the requestor's privacy interests. See Gov't Code § 552.023(a). Therefore, the department must release the requestor's own bank account number to her.

In summary, you may withhold the information you have marked pursuant to section 552.108. The social security number we have marked may be confidential under section 552.101 in conjunction with federal law. You must withhold the Texas driver's license number under section 552.130, and the bank account number we have marked under section 552.136. You must release the remaining requested information.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. Id. § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. Id. § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. Id. § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, within 10 calendar days of this ruling, the governmental body will do one of the following three things: 1) release the public records; 2) notify the requestor of the exact day, time, and place that copies of the records will be provided or that the records can be inspected; or 3) notify the requestor of the governmental body's intent to challenge this letter ruling in court. If the governmental body fails to do one of these three things within 10 calendar days of this ruling, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at 877/673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Texas Department of Public Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.--Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Texas Building and Procurement Commission at 512/475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. We note that a third party may challenge this ruling by filing suit seeking to withhold information from a requestor. Gov't Code § 552.325. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,

Kristen Bates

Assistant Attorney General Open Records Division

KAB/seg

Ref: ID# 159074

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Ms. Lori Shippy Cline 6403 Shippy Lane Quinlan, Texas 75474

(w/o enclosures)